

## Repositioning NUS on Track

### — Prof Rasheed in New Year Message

The Executive Secretary, National Universities Commission (NUC), Professor Abubakar Adamu Rasheed, *mni, MFR, FNAL*, has said that the Commission's strategic reform policies aimed at strengthening its regulatory functions and revitalising the Nigerian University System (NUS) to be more relevant for national development and global competitiveness was yielding dividends.

In his New Year Message, the NUC scribe expressed profound appreciation especially to His Excellency, the President, Federal Republic of Nigeria, Muhammadu Buhari, *GCFR*, the Hon. Minister of Education Malam Adamu Adamu, the NUC Board under the chairmanship of Prof. (Emeritus) Ayo Banjo, the entire NUS and all other

stakeholders in the education sector for the achievements recorded by the Commission in 2018.

expectations following the successful repositioning of the NUS for greater performance in 2018.



Prof. Abubakar A. Rasheed *mni, MFR, FNAL*  
Executive Secretary, NUC

Professor Rasheed said that he was ushering in the year 2019 with so much hope and

He pledged the Commission's renewed commitment to the development of the NUS and

*in this edition*



**NUC, WB Hold Workshop  
on Procurement  
for ACEs**



consolidation of achievements recorded so far, especially in the areas of Access and Quality.

He said that Nigerian universities were doing well based on empirical evidence from the

Professor Rasheed commended the private sector for continued participation and support in university education especially with additional one new university in 2018, bringing the

established bringing the number to be 43 and one state university came on board increasing the number to 47 and a total number of 165 universities in the NUS which he said would increase the regulatory activities of the Commission and



Group photograph of 10th NUC Board members with the Chairman, Prof. Ayo Banjo and Executive Secretary, Prof. Abubakar A. Rasheed (seated front row)

Africa Centres of Excellence (ACE) project of the World Bank and the outcomes of the accreditation exercises conducted on various programmes and other monitoring visits and inspections to universities as well as visits to private universities to assess their compliance with the terms of their licences.

He revealed that under the ACE project, additional six universities won the World Bank grant bringing the number to 16 Nigerian universities under the project.

number of private universities to 75.

The Executive Secretary revealed that three Nigerian Universities namely Covenant University (CU) Ota, University of Ibadan (UI) and University of Nigeria, Nsukka (UNN), were ranked among the top 1000 universities in the world and 7<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> and 23<sup>rd</sup> best in Africa respectively in the 2017/2018 Times Higher Education (THE) report.

In the same year, two additional federal universities were also

expressed optimism that with the outcome of his interaction with Vice-Chancellors of Nigerian universities during their

Conference in August 2018 at Redeemer's University Ede, Osun State and their pledge to form greater synergy with the Commission, 2019 gives a renewed hope for greater reforms in the NUS, he said.

On the reforms in the NUS, he said that they were necessary in order to meet up with trends in





globalisation by producing graduates who could impact on Nigeria's knowledge Economic Index; address major challenges of access, quality and relevance; tackle demographic challenges in the universities and Nigeria by 2050 and the implementation of the Ministerial Action Plan.

Prof. Rasheed added that in formulating the reform strategies, the Commission had been engaging in some activities including management retreats, constitution of a Strategy Advisory Committee (STRADVCOM), headed by former NUC Executive

Professor Rasheed said that they included publication of the Blueprint on the Rapid Revitalisation of University Education (2018-2023); Directory of full professors in Nigerian University System (2017) which was presented in 2018, some Monographs on different subjects in university education and 2017 Statistical Digest for Nigerian universities.

He said that the Blueprint covered some specific areas such as inadequacies in facilities for teaching, learning and research; deficits in teacher quality and quantity including quality of professors; governance deficits

The Executive Secretary assured that as a quality assurance agency, quality would continue to occupy the front burner in the operations of the Commission, urging that universities should strengthen their internal quality assurance mechanisms by establishing Directorates of Quality Assurance as stand-alone or alternatively, as Quality Assurance Unit in the Directorate of Academic Planning.

The Executive Secretary highlighted some of the achievements recorded in 2018 to include, accreditation of undergraduate and postgraduate programmes in Nigerian universities to ensure that standards



Prof. Ayo Banjo receiving his letter of appointment as Chairman, NUC Board from the Hon. Min. of Education, Mal Adamu Adamu in April 2018

Secretary, Professor Peter Okebukola.

Explaining some of the deliverables by STRADVCOM,

including stemming the tide of industrial actions; inadequate funding; depressed quality of graduates and inadequacies in access to university education.

were maintained, and access expanded. The Commission undertook resource verification exercises to newly approved programmes in universities to



ensure that the requisite manpower and material resources were in line with laid down academic standards.

The NUC scribe said that, as part of its reforms, the Commission also tried in addressing the deficiencies in research and postgraduate training; academic corruption and other social vices; restructuring the regulatory function of NUC and the role of professional bodies; promoting ICT-driven universities; fostering skills development and entrepreneurship as well as gender issues.

He specified that NUC undertook some drastic action plans towards repositioning the NUS including pedagogical training to bridge the gap between intended and achieved curriculum in the system, such as the NUC-University of Sussex (US) pedagogy course for Nigerian faculty; partnership between the Commission and University of London (UoL) on capacity building in.

Open and Distance Learning (ODL) for the NUS; establishment of new programmes and changes in nomenclature; Curriculum development, review and re-engineering; Research and innovation; monitoring relationships between universities and affiliate

institutions as well as ensuring community development and engagement by universities.

Professor Rasheed stated that the Commission would, in the New Year, accelerate the comprehensive review of the entire university curricula (the Benchmark Minimum Academic Standards (BMAS) and ranking of Nigerian Universities. The other two cardinal activities of NUC, Accreditation of Programmes and Resource Verification, would also be regularly conducted in universities.

Speaking on the strategic goals of the Commission, Professor Rasheed disclosed that “By end of 2019, the curriculum of Nigerian universities should be rated among the best three in Africa in terms of its relevance to producing nationally and regionally-relevant graduates who are high level human resources for delivering on Africa's Vision 2063 and addressing global Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)”.

He further clarified that by 2019, NUC would have been restructured and empowered for better delivery and being able to introduce enforceable minimum standards in governance that would ensure at least 10% efficiency in the NUS and by the same year, the incidence of academic corruption in Nigerian universities would have been reduced by at least 10% and

remain on the decline up to 2025 and beyond. While by 2020, there should have been a sustainable funding model being approved at all levels and implemented through appropriate instruments of federal and state governments.

On research, Professor Rasheed said that in 2019, NUC would strengthen its Research Directorate to work with those of the universities to coordinate research activities in universities and ensure relevance of their outputs. The Commission would also intensify efforts by challenging universities to develop and implement Institutional Research Policy and as matter of urgency, establish a Research Administration Directorate, to be headed by an academic not below the rank of a Professor, with appropriate human and material resources to run the Office of Intellectual Property and Technology Transfer (OIPTT) or Office of Technology Commercialisation and Industry Relations (OTCIR).

In recognition of the importance of data for proper planning and administration, the Commission had resolved that the University System Annual Review Meeting (USARM), which was suspended in 2012, would resume in 2019, The Commission would also revamp institutional accreditation and commence accreditation of part-time programmes.



On delivery mode, the Executive Secretary stated that the Commission would continue to leverage on the use of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) to facilitate teaching, learning and research, while focusing more on student support services to ensure that university products were globally competitive. With the development of postgraduate BMAS, he said that NUC would also continue to carry out postgraduate accreditation exercises in line with the new timelines.

In late 2018, the Commission convened an Industry-University stakeholders meeting which took cognisance of the need for collaborations and synergies so as to produce cutting-edge research outputs that would be relevant to the needs of the

industry for 'commercialisation and patents'.

As part of its regulatory function of forging collaborations and international partnerships between Nigerian universities and foreign institutions, the Commission also organised a retreat on 'Internationalisation of University Education in Nigeria for Directors of Offices of Internationalisation and Development in Nigerian universities. It aimed at sensitising participants on contemporary and innovative tools for forging and sustaining international partnerships and linkages in higher education towards encouraging, promoting and strengthening higher education administration in Nigeria.

Professor Rasheed, who expressed satisfaction with the

Commission's performance in the year under review, attributed the successes to the unparalleled support from the federal government, the Commission's workforce and the cooperation of Nigerian universities. He was optimistic expressed that the Commission would achieve more in the current year, enjoining all stakeholders to continue to contribute meaningfully to the development of the NUS to take it to enviable heights.

He charged university managers to be more proactive in the discharge of their duties in ensuring that programmes and institutions continue to live up to expectation which would lead to evolution of world-class institutions and quality graduates. He wished the NUS a successful 2019 academic year.



2018 conference of AVCNU in Ede





## NUC, WB Hold Workshop on Procurement for ACEs

The Executive Secretary, National Universities Commission (NUC) Professor Abubakar Adamu Rasheed, *mni, MFR, FNAL*, has stated that the essence of government's efforts at empowering procurement officers was to strengthen their understanding of procurement, environmental and social standards and their usefulness as policy tools in resource utilisation.

Environmental and Social Safeguard Workshop', recently organised by NUC in collaboration with World Bank (WB) for Procurement officers of Africa Centres of Excellence (ACEs) Project in Nigeria,

The Executive Secretary, who was represented by the Director, Research, Innovation and Information Technology, Dr. Suleiman Ramon-Yusuf, said that

He disclosed that procurement would soon be offered as a course in Nigerian universities considering its place in ensuring safety and efficiency in resource utilisation in both public and private sector. He also noted that procurement was currently one of the major innovative means by which sustainable development was being promoted.

The NUC scribe stated that higher



Group photograph of stakeholders at the Sensitization Workshop on Sustainable Capacity Development in Procurement & Environmental & Social Safeguards

Professor Rasheed made the remarks while addressing participants at a one-day 'Sustainable Capacity Development in Procurement and

the aim of the workshop was to standardise procurement and also create more job opportunities for the teeming youths.

education had over the years been seen as catalyst for transformation and solution to problems confronting humanity, stressing that he had continued to hold



unique and critical positions in the society by influencing change towards sustainable development.



Representative of the Hon. Minister of Education, DTE, Mr. Sam Ojo

He emphasised that the strategic role of procurement in promoting sustainability makes academic and professional programmes which educate and train students in procurement courses very vital to procurement sustainability agenda.

Earlier in his welcome remarks, the Commission's ACE Project Coordinator, Dr Joshua Atah said that the objective of the workshop was to achieve value for money, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of public and private sector resources. He reiterated that the workshop was convened to proffer means of reducing graduates' unemployment in Nigeria by empowering procurement personnel with the necessary skills that would lead to improved service delivery in

government.

Dr Atah explained that the pilot phase of the training would involve federal universities based on merit selection from the six geo-political zones of the country, adding that it would be one centre per zone and modeled after the existing Africa Centres of Excellence (ACEs).

On the criteria for selection of the universities, the ACE Project Coordinator highlighted that the programme would be based on track record and demonstration of ability to host the programme;



Rep. of ES, NUC, Dr. Ramon Yusuf (2nd right, standing) and former Vice-Chancellor, FUTA, Prof. Daramola in a conversation with Vice-Chancellors of; ATBU, and BUK, Profs. Saminu and Yahuza

deployment of Learning Management System (LMS), Distance Learning, Technology-assisted Learning, stressing that the availability of campus-wide

broadband infrastructure, especially the Nigerian Research and Education Network (NgREN), would be an added advantage.

In a presentation entitled '*Institutionalising Procurement, Environmental and Social Standard in Nigeria*', World Bank Lead Procurement Specialist, Chief Bayo Awosemusi, explained that the federal and state governments have been implementing procurement reforms since year 2000, adding that for Nigeria to enhance its governance schemes and service delivery, it must reduce the cost of

governance and corruption.

According to him, the need to ensure efficiency and effectiveness in service delivery necessitated the





building of capacities of procurement officers as professionals, who were planning to establishing procurement Centres of Excellence.

procurement cadre, among others. On progress recorded in implementation of the procurement process, he said that there had been improvement in the number of competing bids for

delivered by representatives of the Honourable Ministers of Education, Mallam Adamu Adamu; Finance, Hajia Zainab Ahmed, Director-General, Bureau of Public Procurement, Mr. Mamman



**L-R: Rep. of Min. of Finance, Ibrahim Abubakar Matazu; Programme Leader, World Bank, Dr. Kofi Nouve; Dr. Ramon Yusuf; Leader Procurement Specialist, World Bank, Chief Bayo Awosemusi, Director, Directorate of Corporate Communications, Mal. Ibrahim Usman Yakasai and Prof. Daramola**

He noted that since its adoption by federal and state governments, notable accomplishments had been recorded including the enactment of procurement laws, establishment of regulatory agencies, development and deployment of procurement tools and the creation of respective

procurement opportunities arising from noticeable increase in private sector confidence in public procurement, though not reaching the aspired levels as well as improved value for money in public spending.

Goodwill messages were

Ahmadu and the World Bank Country Director, Rachid Benmessaoud.

Present at the workshop were some NUC Directors and procurement officers from the Nigerian ACEs.



# *Season's Greetings*



*This is to wish all members of the NUC Christian community, the Nigerian University System and the entire nation, joyous Christmas Celebrations and a very Happy and Prosperous New Year.*

*May we see a free, fair and peaceful elections.  
May God grant us abiding peace in Nigeria.*

**Professor Abubakar Adamu Rasheed, mni, MFR, FNAL**  
Executive Secretary, National Universities Commission



## ADVERTORIAL

### ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE NOMINATIONS FOR THE AWARD OF THE KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT IN THE ISLAMIC WORLD (2018 – 2019 EDITION)

The National Universities Commission (NUC) is in receipt of a letter with Ref. No. I.E.F. 54/S.64/I dated 3rd of December, 2018 from the Federal Ministry of Education, announcing, Nominations for the Award of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia for Environmental Management in the Islamic World for 2018 - 2019 edition.

The offer is open to Islamic Educational Scientific and Cultural organization (ISESCO), member states. The programme focuses on Environmental Management.

For more information, interested and qualified applicants may apply via: <http://www.ksaaem.org>  
The closing date for all entries is 31st December, 2018.

## DISCLAIMER: L.I.F.E LEADERSHIP UNIVERSITY, BENIN CITY

L.I.F.E. Leadership University, presently situated in Benin City, Edo State, claims to be an existing private institution affiliated to Oral Roberts University, USA to run open university programmes under the umbrella of the Mutual Faith Ministries International.

Life Leadership University, is not an approved university, licensed by the National Universities Commission to operate within the Nigerian University System. It should also be noted that Oral Roberts University, USA has not been given approval by the Commission to award degrees through affiliation arrangement with the purported L.I.F.E. Leadership University or any other University in Nigeria.

The general public is therefore hereby informed that L.I.F.E. Leadership University, its operations and its offerings in Nigeria are illegal and its purported affiliation to Oral Roberts University, USA is non-existent. Candidates seeking admission into degree programmes purportedly on offer at the University, consequently do so at their own risk.



**Africa Regional Scholarship and Innovation Fund (RSIF) for Applied Sciences,  
Engineering and Technology**



### Call for Applications for Universities in Sub-Saharan Africa to host PhD Scholarships, Research and Innovation in Applied Sciences, Engineering and Technology

Opening date: 8th November 2018

Closing date: 17:00 hours East Africa Time, 17th January 2019

#### Summary

Thematic areas: (1) ICTs including big data and artificial intelligence, (2) Food Security and agribusiness, (3) Minerals, mining and materials engineering, (4) Energy including renewables, and (5) Climate change.







Eligible applicants: Universities in sub-Saharan Africa (except South Africa) that offer PhD degrees in the priority thematic areas.

Expected number of Host Universities to be selected: 4 to 6

Final selection of Host Universities: 15th March 2019

### 1. Background

The Partnership for skills in Applied Sciences, Engineering and Technology (PASET), is an initiative by African governments to address fundamental gaps in skills and knowledge necessary for long-term, sustained economic growth in sub-Saharan Africa (SSA). PASET was launched in 2013 by the governments of Senegal, Ethiopia and Rwanda, while the governments of Kenya and Ivory Coast have since joined the partnership. PASET established a Regional Scholarship and Innovation Fund (RSIF) to contribute towards the training of a critical mass of PhD and post-doctoral candidates, and support research and innovation in the following priority thematic areas: ICTs including big data and artificial intelligence; food security and agribusiness; minerals, mining and materials engineering; energy including renewables; and climate change. RSIF focuses on transformative technologies that have a far-reaching positive impact on society. It is currently funded partly by contributions from African governments, the World Bank and the Government of Korea; and implemented by the International Centre of Insect Physiology and Ecology (*icipe*) in Nairobi, Kenya, as the RSIF Regional Coordination Unit (RCU-*icipe*).

*icipe* is a non-profit organization that was established in 1970 and is headquartered in Nairobi, Kenya with country offices in Ethiopia, Uganda and Somalia. It has operations in 40 African countries and thriving partnerships with universities and research organizations, as well as regional and national media outlets across the world. *icipe*'s partners in postgraduate training are international, and since 1983 have included 43 universities in 18 African countries and 39 universities from 14 other countries around the globe.

### 2. Objective

The objective of RSIF is to train high quality PhD and post-doctoral fellows to address the human resource gap of highly qualified specialists in the fields of applied sciences, engineering, and technology (ASET) and contribute to improving research and innovation capacities in those fields in SSA. RSIF supports PhD students, post-doctoral scientists and universities in SSA to establish a high-quality training, research and innovation environment and to develop their institutional capacity for the benefit of the whole region.

### 3. Design of RSIF

RSIF is a PhD training, research and innovation initiative, which is innovatively designed to ensure long-term sustainability of funding, and to enable countries to build functional innovation ecosystems for sustainable economic growth and development.

#### RSIF has two components:

A. A General Fund, which supports PhD training, research and innovation projects annually. The General Fund supports students and universities in SSA to establish high-quality instruction and research environment and to develop institutional capacity through the following three windows:

- i. Window 1: Scholarships for PhD training: The scholarships finance 3 to 4-year PhD training programmes for citizens of SSA countries at competitively selected Host Universities in Africa. Awards include 'sandwich' training that allows students to complete part of their PhD programme at selected international partner institutions or companies. Scholars are chosen competitively with priority given to promising young African faculty without PhDs, and females.
- ii. Window 2: Grants for research: Grants are awarded competitively to faculty engaged in PhD training in Host Universities in SSA and to RSIF graduates who obtain a post-doctoral or permanent position in an academic institution or research centre in SSA.



iii. **Window 3: Innovation grants:** Innovation grants are awarded competitively to RSIF scholars and faculty who submit joint innovation project proposals with private companies. Innovation grants enable faculty and researchers to collaborate with industry and translate outputs of their research into practical uses either through existing companies or by starting up new enterprises.

B. A Permanent or Endowment Fund with proceeds channeled into the General Fund. A Fund Manager professionally and independently manages this Fund.

#### 4. Funding

The initial funding for RSIF was provided by the governments of Kenya (USD 2 million) and Rwanda (USD 2 million), followed by a six-year USD 15 million grant from the International Development Association (IDA), which is towards the design and administration costs of RSIF scholarships, research and innovation grants. The Government of South Korea is providing a USD 9 million grant that will support PhD scholarships and research grants. The governments of Cote d'Ivoire, Ethiopia and Senegal have pledged financial contributions.

#### 5. Beneficiaries of RSIF

The main beneficiaries of RSIF include:

- a. Existing young academic faculty of African universities and other young Africans who will receive PhD scholarships;
- b. Young African scientists and engineers who are entering academia, industry or business;
- c. African institutions that train PhD students and become internationally recognized in applied sciences, engineering and technology fields;
- d. Faculty and students of the African institutions hosting or hiring RSIF scholars who benefit from the improved quality and capacity of the institutions;
- e. Industries that can employ better graduates, increase innovation capacity and use transformative technologies;
- f. Society, which will benefit from the use of transformative technologies.

#### 6. RSIF expected results by 2024

The following results are expected by 2024 with the current level of funding:

- a. The RSIF to grow to at least USD 65 million;
- b. A minimum of 10 networks between SSA Host Universities and international partners for PhD training and research collaboration implemented;
- c. At least 120 students/staff to take cross-cutting courses, entrepreneurship or research commercialization courses supported;
- d. At least 96 PhD scholars (36 female) supported;
- e. A minimum of 35 research papers submitted by staff members or scholars sponsored by the project for publication in internationally indexed journals (10 female authors or co-authors);
- f. At least five pipeline innovative products and transformative technologies through links with the private sector developed.

#### 7. RSIF Host Universities

The RSIF Host Universities are universities or research institutes/centres based in SSA that offer a PhD program in any one of the priority ASET thematic areas of ICTs including big data and artificial intelligence, food security and agribusiness, minerals, mining and materials engineering, energy including renewables, and climate change. They host the PhD scholars, and also receive research grants and grants for innovation projects in the selected thematic area. Host Universities are selected competitively by an independent international panel of experts, and endorsed by the PASET/RSIF Governing Bodies. The first cohort of RSIF Host Universities comprise: African University of Science and Technology, Nigeria; Sokoine University of Agriculture, Tanzania; University of Gaston Berger, Senegal; and the







Required Supporting Documents
Signed letter of support for the proposed PhD program from the President or Vice Chancellor indicating how becoming a PASET-RSIF Host University would be strategically aligned with the vision and goals of the University.
Signed letter of support from the Head of Department at the University where the PhD Program is located
Curriculum vitae of Head of Department where PhD Program is located
Curriculum vitae of Lead Applicant (Contact Person for RSIF Host University)
Curriculum vitae of Key academic university staff involved in the proposed PhD Program (please combine CVs of key academic staff into one document)
Completed 'PASET-RSIF African Host University PhD Fees and Costs' spreadsheet <a href="http://www.icipe.org/sites/default/files/english-rsif-host-university-phd-fees-and-costs.xlsx">http://www.icipe.org/sites/default/files/english-rsif-host-university-phd-fees-and-costs.xlsx</a>
University PhD student information handbook
University PhD fee structure

University Felix Houphouët-Boigny, Cote d'Ivoire.

## 8. Benefits of becoming a Host University

Host Universities have the opportunity to train PhD students that are supported by RSIF scholarships, and can benefit through the research grant and innovation grant windows of the RSIF. Host Universities also gain access to institutional capacity building opportunities for graduate program management, research management, ICT, curriculum design, faculty training, and innovation hub development. Hosts can also benefit from international collaboration and partnership opportunities with world-class institutions and universities outside the region to improve curricula, teaching and research methods, develop joint R&D and innovation projects, and arrange exchange visits. Through the RSIF, Host Universities gain world-wide recognition as premier institutions for PhD programs in any one of the ASET priority thematic area, as a result of having been selected through a highly competitive process.

## 9. Eligibility

Universities or research institutes/centres in sub-Saharan Africa (except South Africa<sup>1</sup>) with at least one PhD degree program in any of the ASET priority thematic areas of ICTs including big data and artificial intelligence; food security and agribusiness; minerals, mining and materials engineering; energy including renewables; and climate change.

## 10. How to apply

10.1 Use the RSIF Host University Application Form provided at <http://www.icipe.org/sites/default/files/english-rsif-host-university-application-form.docx>

10.2 Complete the application and submit together with the required supporting documents (see below) via the online system at [http://cbid.icipe.org/apps/cbid/forms/rsif\\_application.php](http://cbid.icipe.org/apps/cbid/forms/rsif_application.php)

The online system will accept the following file types doc, docx, pdf, rtf, zip, rar, jpg, jpeg, png, bmp, tif. The maximum file size accepted for any single file is 5 MB.

The deadline for receiving applications is Thursday, 17<sup>th</sup> January 2019, no later than 17:00 hours East Africa Time. Access to the online submission platform will be closed after the deadline.

Note: A university may make up to 5 separate applications, each in any one of the priority ASET thematic areas. However, a university will only qualify to be selected for one priority thematic area. Each application will be judged independently.

<sup>1</sup> Universities in South Africa are eligible to participate in RSIF as Partner Organizations. The latter are expected to contribute towards the strengthening of Host Universities.



### 10.3 Conditions for application

By submitting the application, the applicant agrees to the following:

- Comply with all rules for participating in this call
- RCU-*icipe* reserves the right to reject applications that fail to meet the eligibility and selection requirements.
- All decisions made by RCU-*icipe* with approval by the PASET Executive Board (EB) are final.

### 11. Selection criteria

The selection of Host Universities will be based on merit, and considers the potential of the university to grow and become a centre of excellence in the ASET priority thematic areas.

Applications for Host Universities will be evaluated based on the following key criteria (see Annex 1 for detailed criteria and scores):

- Educational and research capacity (40 marks)
- Institutional capacity (20 marks)
- Proposed PhD program impact (20 marks)
- National, regional and international partnerships (10 marks)
- Potential to raise the quality and relevance of the proposed PhD program, research and innovation (10 marks)

	Activity	Timeline
1	Call for Applications open	8 <sup>th</sup> November 2018
2	Deadline for application submission	17 <sup>th</sup> January 2019
3	Screening and completeness check by the RCU	24 <sup>th</sup> January 2019
4	Review and evaluation of applications by IEC	8 <sup>th</sup> February 2019
5	Site visit to shortlisted Host Universities	8 <sup>th</sup> March 2019
6	Final selection of Host Universities	15 <sup>th</sup> March 2019
7	Negotiations and signing MoUs and hosting agreements	22 <sup>nd</sup> March 2019

### 12. Selection process

Step 1. Screening and evaluation at RSIF RCU

The RCU receives the applications and screens them for eligibility and completeness. Applications that pass the eligibility screening and completeness check are sent to an Independent Evaluation Committee (IEC) of 5 to 7 experts, appointed by the RCU.

Step 3. Evaluation by the IEC

Applications are evaluated by the IEC, ranked and shortlisted for interview. Shortlisted universities are invited for a virtual interview by the IEC. Interviews will be conducted in either French or English, depending on the university's language preference.

Step 3. Site visits

After the interviews, the IEC will discuss and recommend qualifying Host Universities to the RCU-*icipe*. The IEC and RCU-*icipe* will visit the recommended Host Universities. The IEC's final recommendations, incorporating the outcome of the site visits will be shared with the PASET Executive Board (EB) for their endorsement.

Step 4. Negotiations and signing MoUs and contracts.

After the PASET EB endorsement, the selected Host Universities will be announced on the RSIF website. The selected Host Universities will be invited to negotiate hosting arrangements with RCU-*icipe*. *icipe* as the RCU will then sign memoranda of understanding and hosting agreements with the selected Host Universities based on the outcome of the negotiations. Unsuccessful universities will also be notified by email.





### 13. Important dates

Please, take note of the important dates:

#### Contact information and Support

Dr Julius Ecuru ([jecuru@icipe.org](mailto:jecuru@icipe.org)) and Dr Robert A. Skilton ([rskilton@icipe.org](mailto:rskilton@icipe.org))

Regional Coordination Unit (RCU)

International Centre of Physiology and Ecology (*icipe*)

P.O. Box 30772-00100, Nairobi, Kenya

Telephone: +254 (20) 8632000

#### Informational Webinars

Informational webinars in French and English will be held to address questions and assist potential applicants. If you are interested in attending a webinar, please contact [rsif@icipe.org](mailto:rsif@icipe.org) for dates and log-in information. An audio and video recording of the Webinars will be made available.

#### Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

A document with FAQs is available at [www.icipe.org/sites/default/files/english-faq.docx](http://www.icipe.org/sites/default/files/english-faq.docx)

### Annex 1. Evaluation Criteria

CRITERIA		MARKS
<b>A. EDUCATION AND RESEARCH CAPACITY</b>		
1	Experience and qualification of proposed PhD program faculty and staff	20
2	Research experience in the area of the proposed PhD program	10
3	Resources available to the researchers, including access to research facilities; library and journals (including e-journals), ICT support.	10
SUB TOTAL		40
<b>B. INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY</b>		
4	Efficient application, selection and admission processes for PhD students	10
5	Administrative and other support systems in place for hosting PhD students, including female and international students	5
6	Evidence of a functional financial and reporting systems for the PhD program.	5
SUB TOTAL		20
<b>C. PROPOSED PHD PROGRAM IMPACT</b>		
7	Contribution of the proposed PhD program to science and society	20
SUB TOTAL		20
<b>D. NATIONAL, REGIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL PARTNERSHIP</b>		
8	Existing partnerships that will benefit the proposed PhD program	5
9	Potential to form new partnerships with national and international organizations	5
SUB TOTAL		10
<b>E. POTENTIAL TO RAISE THE QUALITY AND RELEVANCE OF THE PROPOSED PHD PROGRAM, RESEARCH AND INNOVATION</b>		
10	Potential of the PhD program to grow and become more relevant for development in Africa	10
SUB TOTAL		10
OVERALL TOTAL		100



# NIGERIAN ACADEMY OF LETTERS

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## COMMUNIQUE OF THE TWENTIETH NIGERIAN ACADEMY OF LETTERS (NAL) CONVOCATION, SCIENTIFIC SESSION AND INVESTITURE OF NEW FELLOWS HELD AT THE UNIVERSITY OF LAGOS ON THURSDAY, 9 AUGUST, 2018.

### PREAMBLE

The Nigerian Academy of Letters (NAL), an autonomous and non-political body of scholars in the humanities, held its 20th Convocation, Scientific Session and Investiture of New Fellows on Thursday, 9 August, 2018, at the J.F. Ade-Ajayi Auditorium, University of Lagos, with the theme "Plural Loyalties in a Modernising State".

In attendance were 112 professors from different Nigerian and overseas universities. The president of the Nigerian Academy of Letters (NAL), Professor Olu Obafemi, *fsonta, fesan*, FNAL, presided over the convocation and the investiture of new fellows, while the vice president, Professor Francis Egbokhare, FNAL, who succeeded Professor Olu Obafemi as president, presided over the scientific session. Twenty-eight new members were inducted and four new regular fellows (Professors Raufu Adebisi, Olutayo Charles Adesina, Isaac Deji Ayegboyin, and Godwin, Sogolo) were admitted into the NAL College of Fellows. Also, in attendance were key dignitaries from home and abroad. The honourable minister of education was represented at the scientific session.

The convocation lecture which was entitled "Plural. Loyalties and Multiple Identities in Post independence Nigeria" was delivered by Professor: Siyan Oyeweso, FNAL, a professor of history at the Osun State University and substantive director of the Centre for Black Culture and International Understanding, Osogbo, Osun State.

Executive Committee: Professor Olu Obafemi - President, Professor Francis Egbokhare - Vice President, Professor B. Olatunji Oloruntimehin - Immediate Past President (IPP), Professor Emeritus Ayo Bamgbose (Foundation President), Professor Emeritus Ayo Banjo, Professor Emeritus M. Munzali Jibril, Professor Emeritus Ben Elugbe, Professor Dan Izevbaye, Professor Umaru B. Ahmed, Professor Emeritus Ben O. Oloyede, Professor Sunday Ododo, Prof. Olutayo C. Adesina - Secretary, Professor Olatunji Oyeshile - Treasurer, Professor Adesanoye - General Editor, Professor Maduabuchi Dukor - Assistant Secretary, Professor Unionmwan Edebiri - Honorary Solicitor, Professor B. Rotimi Badejo - Newsletter Editor





Two well-researched papers on the theme of the convocation were presented at the scientific session by Professor Andrew Haruna, Vice Chancellor, Federal University, Gashua, Yobe State; and Professor Afis Oladosu, Department of Arabic and Islamic Studies, University of Ibadan.

## OBSERVATIONS

In the course of these presentations, issues that should engage the attention of Nigerians, most notably, the National Assembly and the Federal Executive Council, were discussed. The following specific observations were made:

1. The need for concerted efforts in nation-building is inevitable in an African post-colonial state such as Nigeria.
2. Nigeria's inability to rise above religious, ethnic, and other sentiments since her independence is worrisome and is worthy of intellectual examination and re-examination.
3. There is a worrying normalisation of deviance and impunity in our polity and national life.
4. The recent litany of massacres in Nigeria and its handling by the federal government are disturbing. It is apparent that Nigeria is witnessing socioeconomic and political travails and her national harmony has never been more bedevilled with agitations and frightening descent into dystopia and anomie than in this present decade.
5. Nigeria's corporate existence, like that of any modern state, is subject to negotiation in a rational way (and such remains the inalienable right of Nigerians).
6. Nigerians of all professions and ethnic groups have a stake in the development of the country, and are entitled to its dividends. Thus, they must be allowed to contribute to her evolving political and cultural frameworks.
7. A nation achieves unity not through dictatorship, infringement on citizens' rights or brute force but by negotiation and respect for the humanity of its citizens.
8. There is an urgent need to rediscover our sense of humanity and fraternity with a view to preserving the dignity of the Nigerian life.
9. Pluralism and diversity in languages in modernising states, such as Nigeria, are not in themselves the problem but the cultural/political uses to which the citizens put such languages. Therefore, the tendency or posture to disempower small population languages and their speakers is against Nigeria's pluralism and linguistic human rights, and retards human capital.
10. The political elite have continued to act with utter disregard for the citizenry and in defiance of public opinion.
11. The present structure of Nigeria is impeding her political and economic growth; in the main, it





is disintegrating the citizens' efforts at instituting a collective identity and maintaining peaceful coexistence.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

In view of the above observations, the following recommendations were made:

1. Concerted efforts should be made by intellectuals as well as the political class to rigorously critique the state, essence and nature of Nigeria's political life.
2. As Nigeria continues its march to modernity, the Nigerian state should consciously patronise and nurture programmes that would assist in deploying the nation's diversity as a source of strength, not weakness, at the national level.
3. Being cognizant of the fundamentality of loyalty as an indispensable element for state prosperity, NAL calls on the government at the centre to improve on its welfare programmes for the citizenry as it is the first precedent to the prevention of disloyalty. Such welfare programmes would equally prevent the emergence of non-state violent actors, such as Boko Haram, that feed on citizens' disillusionment with the state in perpetrating atrocities and brigandage.
4. The academic sector needs to be empowered through research funding opportunities to be able to examine issues on nationhood fairly and deeply.
5. Academics in the country need to discard their biases and examine national issues impartially to be able to make meaningful contributions to national development.
6. Nigerians must reinvent political parties; that is, our political elite must establish political parties that prioritise politics of ideas, ideologies and, sustainable growth and development.
7. The leadership and political elite should respect public opinions.
8. The nation should prioritise constitutional order and humane values.
9. A negotiated restructuring of the country,' which does not amount to dissolution of the federation, is long overdue. It is pertinent to dialogue dispassionately on national issues because nation-building is a collective affair.

**Professor Francis Egbokhare, FNAL**  
President, Nigerian Academy of Letters (NAL)



**REDEEMER'S UNIVERSITY****OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR**

P.M.B. 230, Ede, Osun State, Nigeria.

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Website: www.run.edu.ng

**RUN/REG/HR/CORRSP-OUT/18/VOL.IV/573****28th August, 2018****The Registrar**University of Ilorin  
Ilorin  
Kwara State.**DISMISSAL: DR. ALABA JOHN FALADE,**

Please recall our letter Ref. No. RUNjREGjSSPFj262j134 dated 19th July, 2018 and your letter Ref. No. UIL/SSE/PF/4331 dated 20th July, 2018 on Dr. John Alaba Falade.

I write to inform you that Council at its 52nd Statutory Meeting held on Thursday, 16th August, 2018 approved the recommendation of the Senior Staff Disciplinary Committee to dismiss Dr. John Alaba Falade, a Senior Lecturer in the Department of Physical Sciences, Redeemer's University from its services with effect from 20th August, 2018.

Our investigations revealed that while he was on full time employment in Redeemer's University, he was also on full time employment at the University of Ilorin, Ilorin and on Sabbatical Leave at Landmark University, omu-Aran, Kwara State.

This was contrary to the regulations governing the appointment of staff in our University.

The above is for your information and necessary action.

With regards,

**Olukayode E. Akindele**  
**Registrar**cc: Vice-Chancellor  
Executive Secretary, NUC  
Secretary General (AVCNU)*...running with the vision*

**REDEEMER'S UNIVERSITY****OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR**

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**RUN/REG/HR/CORRSP-OUT /18/VOL.IV /574****28th August, 2018****The Registrar**

Landmark University

Omu-Aran

Kwara State.

**DISMISSAL: DR. ALABA JOHN FALADE,**

Please recall our letter ref: RUN/REG/SSPF/262/134 dated 19th July, 2018 and your letter dated 24th July, 2018 on Dr. John Alaba Falade.

I write to inform you that Council at its 52nd Statutory Meeting held on Thursday, 16th August, 2018 approved the recommendation of the Senior Staff Disciplinary Committee to dismiss Dr. John Alaba Falade, a Senior Lecturer in the Department of Physical Sciences, Redeemer's University from its services with effect from 20th August, 2018.

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With regards,

**Olukayode E. Akindele**  
**Registrar**

cc: Vice-Chancellor  
Executive Secretary, NUC  
Secretary General (AVCNU)

*...running with the vision*





31<sup>st</sup> December, 2018

Vol. 13 No. 53

## CALL FOR EXPRESSION OF INTEREST FOR CANCER CLINICAL TRIALS

The National Universities Commission has received a call notification from BIO Venture for Global Health (BVGH) under the aegis of the African Access Initiative (AAI), for expression of interest in conducting cancer clinical trials (feasibility studies) in Sub-Saharan Africa.

Developed and led by BVGH, the African Access Initiative is a partnership of companies, governments, healthcare providers and non-profit organisations focused on addressing Africa growing cancer crisis by sustainably expanding access to cancer medicines and technologies, improving healthcare infrastructure and building clinical as well as Research and Development (R &D) capacity.

BVGH launched the African Consortium for Cancer Clinical Trial (AC3T) to foster and implement cancer clinical trials led by investigators in Africa. The project is designed to build clinical and trial capacity as well as address the cancer data gap in Africa, while increasing access to prioritised cancer diagnostics, medicines and quality treatment for African cancer patients.

AC3T will be implemented across three primary initiatives that will be conducted in parallel thus:

i. Investigator-initiated, cancer feasibility studies will be conducted with funding from AC3T study pool.

ii. Cancer clinical research capabilities will be built and augmented at participating AAI hospitals.

iii. Hospitals' cancer clinical trial capabilities will be profiled to encourage pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies to conduct cancer clinical trials at those hospitals.

Interested researchers should ensure that the studies proposal MUST meet the following criteria:

i. Conducted in Africa by an Africa-based investigator or with an Africa-based partner

ii. Focus on one or more of the most common cancers in African populations

iii. Aimed at improving African cancer patients' health outcomes

iv. Tuition fees and training materials;

For more information, interested researchers should visit:

<https://goo.gl/forms/IXhHBdXATEuWt9bC3> to fill the form and submit directly.



## Approved Open Universities and Distance Learning Centres in Nigeria

### NATIONAL UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION

The National Open University of Nigeria (NOUN), which has 72 study/resource centres nationwide, is currently the only approved open university in the Nigerian University System (NUS).

### List of approved Distance Learning Centres in Nigeria

Eleven universities in the Nigerian University System, currently have the approval of the National Universities Commission to operate distance learning centres as follows:

1. Distance Learning Centre, University of Ibadan.
2. Distance Learning Institute, University of Lagos.
3. Centre for Distance Learning and Continuing Education, University of Abuja.
4. Centre for Distance Learning, University of Maiduguri.
5. Centre for Distance Learning, Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile-Ife.
6. Centre for Distance Learning, Modibbo Adama University of Technology, Yola.
7. Ladoke Akintola University of Technology Open and Distance Learning Centre, Ogbomosho.
8. Distance Learning Centre, Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria.
9. Lagos State University Open and Distance Learning and Research Institute
10. Joseph Ayo Babalola University Centre for Distance Learning
11. University of Nigeria, Nsukka Centre for Distance and e-Learning



**MONDAY BULLETIN**

A Publication of The Office of The Executive Secretary



# NATIONAL UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION

## ADVERTORIAL

### NUC MAKES HISTORY IN RANKING OF OPEN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCES (OER)

The National Universities Commission has made history in conducting the first-ever ranking of Open Educational Resources (OER) held in institutional repositories. It is the first exercise of its kind in the world and it was initiated by the Executive Secretary of NUC, Professor Abubakar Rasheed, mni, MFR for application in the Nigerian University System. The exercise showed that with 12,070 quality OER holdings presented by 50 universities for the inaugural exercise, Nigerian Universities are now among the best in Africa in OER. It is estimated that with full release of the OER holdings and participation by all universities, this number may quadruple in the next two years making the Nigerian University system the richest in OER in Africa. The OER ranking exercise is to be conducted twice a year.

Open Educational Resources (OER) are teaching, learning and research materials in any medium, digital or otherwise, that reside in the public domain or have been released under an open license that permits no-cost access, use, adapt and redistribute by others with no or limited restrictions. They are technology-enabled, open provision of educational resources for consultation, use and adaptation by a community of users for non-commercial purposes. Materials that constitute OER include curriculum maps, course materials, textbooks, streaming videos, pictorial materials, multimedia applications, podcast, and any other materials that have been designed for use in teaching and learning environment.

The OER ranking exercise was conducted by the 12-member National Experts Group on OER Ranking (NEGOR) and a four-person team of external experts from outside Nigeria.

Fifty universities that participated in the inaugural edition were ranked by (a) ownership (federal, State and private) and (b) generation within ownership. The results are shown below.

#### 2017 NUSOER RANKING

##### Federal-First Generation (out of 6 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	University of Lagos	1244	25
2	University of Ibadan	1015	25

##### Federal-Second Generation (out of 9 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	Federal University of Technology, Owerri	891	30
2	Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Akwa	522	19
3	University of Port Harcourt	295	13
4	University of Maiduguri	795	12
5	Usmanu Danfodio University	532	10
6	Federal University of Technology, Minna	41	0

##### Federal-Third Generation (out of 11 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	University of Abuja	385	10
2	Federal University of Technology, Akure	354	5
3	Modibbo Adama University of Technology	32	0

##### Federal-Fourth Generation (out of 10 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	Federal University, Ndufu-Alike Ikwo	98	6
2	Federal University, Kashere	13	0

##### State Universities-First Generation (out of 21 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	Lagos State University	375	16
2	Cross River University of Technology	142	4
3	Abia State University	53	1
4	Ekiti State University	9	0

##### State Universities-Third Generation (out of 12 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	Edo University, Iyamho	563	25.1
2	University of Medical Science, Ondo City	679	19.4

##### Private Universities-First Generation (out of 23 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	Covenant University	634	25
2	Redeemer's University	656	21
3	Babcock University	480	15
4	Crawford University	257	10
5	Afe Babalola University	221	5
6	Caleb University	92	5
7	Salem University	7	0
8	Al-Hikmah University	0	0
8	Bells University of Technology	0	0
8	Joseph Ayo Babalola University	0	0
8	University of Mkar	0	0

##### Private Universities-Second Generation (out of 20 universities)

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	Mountain Top University	535	26.3
2	Landmark University	724	16
3	Wellspring University	131	6.9
4	Arthur Jarvis University	46	3.4
5	Adeleke University	117	2
6	Coal City University	65	1.1
7	Kings University	50	1
8	McPherson University	15	0
9	Edwin Clark University	2	0

##### Overall Ranking out of 160 Universities

Rank	University	Total Count	Total OER Score
1	Federal University of Technology, Owerri	891	30
2	Mountain Top University	535	26.3
3	Edo University, Iyamho	563	25.1
4	University of Lagos	1244	25
5	University of Ibadan	1015	25
6	Covenant University	634	25
7	Redeemer's University	656	21
8	University of Medical Sciences, Ondo City	679	19.4
9	Nnamdi Azikiwe University	522	19
10	Landmark University	724	16
11	Lagos State University	375	16
12	Babcock University	480	15
13	University of Port Harcourt	295	13
14	University of Maiduguri	795	12
15	Usmanu Danfodio University	532	10
16	University of Abuja	385	10
17	Crawford University	257	10
18	Wellspring University	131	6.9
19	Federal University, Ndufu-Alike Ikwo	98	6
20	Federal University of Technology, Akure	354	5
21	Afe Babalola University	221	5
22	Caleb University	92	5
23	Cross River University of Technology	142	4
24	Arthur Jarvis University	46	3.4
25	Adeleke University	117	2
26	Coal City University	65	1.1
27	Abia State University	53	1
28	Kings University	50	1
29	Federal University of Technology, Minna	41	0
30	Modibbo Adama University of Technology	32	0
31	McPherson University	15	0
32	Federal University, Kashere	13	0
33	Ekiti State University	9	0
34	Salem University	7	0
35	Edwin Clark University	2	0

Ibrahim Usman Yakasai  
Director Corporate Communications





**Tertiary Education Trust Fund**

6, Zambezi Crescent, Off Aguiyi Ironsi Street,  
Maitama Abuja Nigeria. Tel: 08141618921  
[www.tetfund.gov.ng](http://www.tetfund.gov.ng)

*Executive Secretary*  
**A. B. Baffa, PhD.**

**To:** All Heads of TETFund Beneficiary Institution

**From:** Executive Secretary, TETFund

**Subject:** Disclaimer

**Date:** November 13, 2017

The attention of the Management of the Tertiary Education Trust Fund (TETFund) is drawn to the mischievous activities of some unscrupulous elements that are visiting public Universities, Polytechnics and Colleges of Education and some regulatory agencies and presenting themselves as staff of, and working with, the Chairman-designate of the Board of Trustees of TETFund. They usually meet the head of an institution, the bursar and/or director of works/physical planning to make all sort of offers/promises of TETFund intervention projects to be allegedly brought to the institution by the Chairman-designate. In exchange, they make different frivolous requests including nominating contractors/consultants and, in many cases, request for financial gratifications.

The Management of the Fund therefore wishes to inform the beneficiary institutions of TETFund in particular and entire public in general that these mischief-makers have nothing to do with TETFund and all their entreaties should be ignored. Anyone that enters into any transaction with them does so at his/her own risk.

All TETFund Staff on official assignment to any institution carry identification and an introduction letter to the head of the institution.

Heads of our beneficiary institutions or members of the public who require any clarification on the activities of the Fund may also call **0800-TETFUND (0800-8383863)** or visit our website [www.tetfund.gov.ng](http://www.tetfund.gov.ng).

**AB BAFFA**  
Executive Secretary

*All correspondence should be addressed to the Executive Secretary*







# NATIONAL UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION

## RE: MORATORIUM ON PART-TIME PROGRAMMES

The National Universities Commission, cognizant of the need to streamline the operations of Part-Time and Sandwich programmes in Nigerian universities, had through a publication in the print media, including the Guardian and Sun Newspapers of Monday, 19th March, 2012, placed a moratorium on admission into Part-Time programmes in Nigerian universities. In the publication, the universities were requested to fully disclose all Part-Time and Sandwich programmes, with respect to enrolment and staffing profile, within four weeks of the publication, and to conduct in-house staff and student audit and forward same to the Commission. As a follow up to this, the Commission vide a letter dated 14 January, 2013, sent a reminder to the universities requesting those that were yet to provide information on their Part-Time and Sandwich programmes as well as affiliation arrangements to do so on or before 15 February, 2013.

### 2.0. Universities That Made Submission

Based on the submissions received, a total of forty (40) universities indicated that they would run Part-Time and Sandwich programmes as detailed below:

#### A. Federal Universities

1. Federal University of Technology, Owerri
2. University of Benin, Benin
3. University of Calabar, Calabar
4. University of Lagos
5. Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Awka
6. University of Port Harcourt, Port Harcourt
7. University of Uyo, Uyo
8. University of Abuja, Abuja
9. Federal University of Agriculture, Abeokuta
10. Michael Okpara University, Umudike
11. Moddibbo Adamawa University of Technology, Yola
12. University of Agriculture, Markurdi
13. Usman Danfodio University, Sokoto
14. University of Jos, Jos

#### B. State Universities

1. Ambrose Ali University, Ekpoma, Edo State
2. Olabisi Onabanjo University, Ago-Iwoye, Ogun State
3. Ekiti State University, Ado-Ekiti, Ekiti State
4. Adekunle Ajasin University, Akungba-Akoko, Ondo State
5. Imo State University, Owerri, Imo State
6. Tai Solarin University of Education, Ijagun, Ogun State
7. Rivers State University of Science and Technology, Port Harcourt
8. Enugu State University of Science and Technology, Enugu State
9. Ignatius Ajuru University of Education, Port Harcourt
10. Delta State University, Abraka, Delta State
11. Ladoke Akintola University of Technology, Ogbomosho

12. Lagos State University, Ojo, Lagos State
13. Niger Delta University, Amasoma, Bayelsa State
14. Anambra State University, Uli, Anambra State
15. Ebonyi State University, Abakaliki, Ebonyi State
16. Cross River State University of Technology, Calabar
17. Abia State University, Uturu, Abia State
18. Osun State University, Osun State
19. Nasarawa State University, Keffi, Nasarawa State

#### C. Private Universities:

1. Crescent University, Abeokuta, Ogun State
2. Caleb University, Imota, Lagos State
3. Igbinedion University, Okada, Edo State
4. Lead City University, Ibadan, Oyo State
5. Achievers University, Owo, Ondo State
6. Benson Idahosa University, Benin – City, Edo State
7. Tansian University, Umunya, Anambra State
8. Wesley University of Science and Technology, Ondo, Ondo State

### 3.0. APPROVALS GRANTED TO UNIVERSITIES TO RUN PART-TIME/ SANDWICH PROGRAMMES.

Up to date, a total of thirty six (36) universities forwarded their completed documents, based on the approved format. Following the analysis of the submissions by the Department of Academic Standards and having satisfied the laid down guidelines for running Part – Time programme and Sandwich courses in Nigerian universities, all the thirty six (36) institutions were recommended to the Executive Secretary for approval. Consequent upon Executive Secretary's approval, letters were communicated to the universities accordingly. The universities are:

#### A. Federal Universities

1. University of Lagos
2. University of Port Harcourt
3. University of Calabar
4. University of Benin
5. University of Abuja
6. University of Uyo
7. University of Jos
8. Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile-Ife
9. Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Awka
10. Federal University of Agriculture, Abeokuta
11. Federal University of Technology, Owerri
12. Usman Danfodiyo University, Sokoto
13. Bayero University, Kano
14. Federal University of Agriculture, Markurdi
15. Federal University, Lafia
16. Federal University, Dutsin-Ma

#### B. State Universities

1. Ekiti State University, Ado-Ekiti, Ekiti State
2. Cross River State University, Calabar, Cross River State





3. Imo State University, Owerri, Imo State
4. Ignatius Ajuru University of Education, Rivers State
5. Olabisi Onabanjo University, Ago-Iwoye, Ogun State
6. Ambrose Ali University, Ekpoma, Edo State
7. Enugu State University of Science & Technology, Enugu State
8. Tai Solarin University of Education, Ijagun, Ogun State
9. Rivers State University of Science & Technology, Port Harcourt
10. Ebonyi State University, Abakaliki, Ebonyi State
11. Benue State University, Makurdi, Benue State
12. Niger Delta University, Yenagoa, Bayelsa State
13. Lagos State University, Ojo, Lagos State
14. Adekunle Ajasin University, Akungba – Akoko, Ondo State
15. Anambra State University, Uli, Anambra State
16. Osun State University, Osogbo, Osun State
17. Abia State University, Uturu, Abia State
18. Nasarawa State University, Keffi, Nasarawa State.
19. Ladoke Akintola University of Science and Technology, Ogbomoso
20. Taraba State University, Jalingo
21. Gombe State University, Gombe
22. Bauchi State University, Gadau
23. Kwara State University, Molete
24. Ibrahim Badamasi Babangida University, Lapai
25. Kaduna State University, Kaduna

#### C. Private Universities

1. Crescent University, Abeokuta, Ogun State
2. Caleb University, Imota, Lagos State
3. Igbinedion University, Okada, Edo State
4. Lead City University, Ibadan, Oyo State
5. Achievers University, Owo, Ondo State
6. Benson Idahosa University, Benin – City, Edo State
7. Wesley University of Science and Technology, Ondo, Ondo State
8. Fountain University, Osogbo
9. Tansian University, Umunya, Anambra State
10. Covenant University, Ota, Ogun State
11. Babcock University, Ilisan-Remo
12. Salem University, Lokoja
13. Madonna University, Okija
14. Joseph Ayo Babalola University, Ikeji-Arakeji
15. Caritas University, Enugu
16. Rhema University, Aba
17. Crawford University, Igbesa
18. Adeleke University, Ede
19. Ajayi Crowther University, Oyo
20. Bowen University, Iwo

Dr. Gidado B. Kumo  
**Director, Academic Planning**  
For: **Executive Secretary**

### GUIDELINES ON PART-TIME AND SANDWICH PROGRAMMES IN NIGERIAN UNIVERSITIES

Below are guidelines for conducting Part-time and Sandwich programmes in Nigerian universities. All universities currently operating Part-time programmes are expected to comply with the guidelines on programme by programme basis.

Consequently, universities still interested in running Part-time programmes are advised to forward fresh applications to the NUC on programme by programme basis.

This is, however, subject to the readiness of the university to comply with the following extant guidelines on part-time programmes:

1. The admission and graduation requirements, Staffing, Library and physical facilities requirements must be in line with the Benchmark Minimum Academic Standards (BMAS) for the various full-time academic programmes;
2. For a programme to be eligible to run on part-time basis, the approved full-time equivalent must be available in the university, must have earned full accreditation and must be run within approved campuses;
3. The enrolment into part-time programmes must not exceed 20% of total students' population in the programme;
4. The minimum duration of the part-time programmes must be 150% of the approved duration of the Full-Time equivalent;
5. Approval shall not be granted for part-time programmes in Environmental Sciences, Engineering/Technology, Law, Medicine/Medical Sciences, Pharmacy /Pharmaceutical Sciences, Dentistry; and Veterinary Science;
6. All admissions into part-time programmes must be through the Joint Admissions and Matriculation Board (JAMB). Part-time programmes must be run within approved campuses of universities where the human and material resources for the teaching of the programmes are domiciled, i.e. on the main campus of the university;
7. Part-time programmes shall be subjected to the NUC accreditation assessment upon maturity of the programme;
8. For any programme to be eligible for part-time mode, it must have produced two (2) sets of graduates and satisfied the Resource Verification Requirements.
9. Commencement of a part-time programme MUST be subject to NUC's approval. Approval of commencement of all parttime programmes must be obtained.

The National Universities Commission shall not hesitate to apply appropriate sanctions on any university which violates any of the stipulated Guidelines on Part-Time and Sandwich Programmes.

*Signed*  
**Management**





# LIST OF APPROVED UNIVERSITIES IN NIGERIA

## FEDERAL UNIVERSITIES

S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.	S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.	S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.
1	University of Ibadan, Ibadan	1948	16	Modibbo Adama University of Technology, Yola	1981	31	Federal University, Wukari, Taraba State	2011
2	University of Nigeria, Nsukka	1960	17	Federal University of Technology, Minna	1982	32	Federal University, Dutsin-Ma, Katsina State	2011
3	Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile-Ife	1962	18	Nigerian Defence Academy, Kaduna	1985	33	Federal University, Dutse, Jigawa State	2011
4	Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria	1962	19	University of Abuja, Abuja	1988	34	Federal University, Ndufu-Alike, Ebonyi State	2011
5	University of Lagos, Lagos	1962	20	Abubakar Tafawa Balewa University, Bauchi	1988	35	Federal University, Oye-Ekiti, Ekiti State	2011
6	University of Benin, Benin City	1970	21	University of Agriculture, Makurdi	1988	36	Federal University, Otuoke, Bayelsa	2011
7	Bayero University, Kano	1975	22	Federal University of Agriculture, Abeokuta	1988	37	The Nigeria Police Academy, Wudil, Kano State	2012
8	University of Calabar, Calabar	1975	23	University of Uyo, Uyo	1991	38	Federal University, Birnin-Kebbi, Kebbi	2013
9	University of Ilorin, Ilorin	1975	24	Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Awka	1992	39	Federal University, Gusau, Zamfara	2013
10	University of Jos, Jos	1975	25	Michael Okpara University of Agriculture, Umudike	1992	40	Federal University, Gashua, Yobe	2013
11	University of Maiduguri, Maiduguri	1975	26	National Open University of Nigeria, Lagos	2002	41	Nigeria Maritime University Okerenkoko, Delta State	2018
12	Usmanu Danfodiyo University, Sokoto	1975	27	Fed. Univ. of Petroleum Resources, Effurun	2007	42	Air Force Institute of Technology, Kaduna	2018
13	University of Port-Harcourt, Port-Harcourt	1975	28	Federal University, Lokoja, Kogi State	2011	43	Nigerian Army University, Biu	2018
14	Federal University of Technology, Owerri	1980	29	Federal University, Lafia, Nasarawa State	2011			
15	Federal University of Technology, Akure	1981	30	Federal University, Kashere, Gombe State	2011			

## STATE UNIVERSITIES

S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.	S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.	S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.
1	Rivers State University of Science & Technology, Port Harcourt	1979	17	Ebonyi State University, Abakaliki	2000	33	Sokoto State University, Sokoto	2009
2	Ambrose Alli University, Ekpoma	1980	18	Nasarawa State University, Keffi	2002	34	Akwa Ibom State University, Ikot Ikpaden	2010
3	Abia State University, Uturu	1981	19	Adamawa State University, Mubi	2002	35	Ignatius Ajuru University of Education, Rumuolumeni	2010
4	Enugu State University of Science & Tech, Enugu	1982	20	Gombe State University, Gombe	2004	36	Bauchi State University, Gadau	2011
5	Olabisi Onabanjo University, Ago-Iwoye	1982	21	Kaduna State University, Kaduna	2004	37	Maitama Sule University, Kano	2012
6	Ekiti State University, Ado-Ekiti. (formerly University of Ado-Ekiti)	1982	22	Cross River University of Technology, Calabar	2004	38	The Technical University, Ibadan.	2012
7	Lagos State University, Ojo, Lagos	1983	23	Plateau State University, Bokkos	2005	39	Sule Lamido University, Kafin Hausa	2013
8	Ladoke Akintola University of Technology, Ogbomoso	1990	24	Ondo State University of Technology, Okiti Pupa.	2008	40	Ondo State University of Medical Sciences	2015
9	Imo State University, Owerri	1992	25	Ibrahim Babangida University, Lapai, Niger State	2005	41	Edo University, Iyamho	2016
10	Benue State University, Makurdi	1992	26	Tai Solarin University of Education, Ijagun	2005	42	Eastern Palm University, Ogboko	2016
11	Delta State University, Abraka	1992	27	Umaru Musa Yar'Adua University, Katsina	2006	43	University of Africa, Toru-Orua	2016
12	Adekunle Ajasin University, Akungba - Akoko	1999	28	Yobe State University Damaturu, Yobe State	2006	44	Borno State University	2016
13	Kogi State University, Anyigba	1999	29	Kebbi State University of Science and Technology, Aliero	2006	45	Moshood Abiola University of Science and Technology, Abeokuta	2017
14	Niger-Delta University, Yenagoa	2000	30	Osun State University, Osogbo	2006	46	Gombe State University of Science and Technology, Kumo	2017
15	Odumegwu Ojukwu University Uli	2000	31	Taraba State University, Jalingo	2008	47	Zamfara State University, Talata-Mafara	2018
16	Kano University of Science & Technology, Wudil	2000	32	Kwara State University, Ilorin	2009			







## LIST OF APPROVED UNIVERSITIES IN NIGERIA

### PRIVATE UNIVERSITIES

S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.	S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.	S/N	INSTITUTIONS	Year Est.
1	Babcock University, Ilishan Remo	1999	26	Obong University, Obong Ntak	2007	51	Chrisland University, Owode, Ogun State	2015
2	Madonna University, Okija	1999	27	Salem University, Lokoja	2007	52	Christopher University, Mowe, Ogun State	2015
3	Igbinedion University, Okada	1999	28	Tansian University, Umunya, Anambra State	2007	53	Hallmark University, Ijebu, Itele, Ogun State	2015
4	Bowen University, Iwo	2001	29	Veritas University, Abuja	2007	54	Kings University, Ode Omu, Osun State	2015
5	Covenant University, Ota	2002	30	Wesley University of Science & Technology, Ondo	2007	55	Michael and Cecilia Ibru Uni., Owode, Delta State	2015
6	Pan-Atlantic University, Lagos	2002	31	Western Delta University, Oghara, Delta State	2007	56	Mountain Top University, Ogun State	2015
7	Benson Idahosa University, Benin City	2002	32	The Achievers University, Owo	2007	57	Ritman University, Ikot Ekpene, Akwa Ibom State	2015
8	American University of Nigeria, Yola	2003	33	African University of Science & Technology, Abuja	2007	58	Summit University, Offa, Kwara State	2015
9	Redeemers University, Ede, Osun State	2005	34	Afe Babalola University, Ado-Ekiti, Ekiti State	2009	59	Edwin Clark University, Kiagbodo, Delta State	2015
10	Ajayi Crowther University, Oyo	2005	35	Godfrey Okoye University, Ugwuomu-Nike, Enugu State	2009	60	Hezekiah University, Umudi, Imo State	2015
11	Al-Hikmah University, Ilorin	2005	36	Nile University of Nigeria, Abuja	2009	61	Anchor University, Ayobo, Lagos State	2016
12	Caritas University, Amorji-Nke, Enugu	2005	37	Oduduwa University, Ipetumodu, Osun State	2009	62	Arthur Jarvis University, Akpabuyo, Cross River State	2016
13	Bingham University, Auta-Balefi, Karu, Nasarawa State	2005	38	Paul University, Awka, Anambra State	2009	63	Clifford University, Owerinta, Abia State	2016
14	Al-Qalam University, Katsina	2005	39	Rhema University, Obeama-Asa, Rivers State	2009	64	Coal City University, Enugu, Enugu State	2016
15	Renaissance University, Enugu	2005	40	Wellspring University, Evbuobanosa, Edo State	2009	65	Crown Hill University, Eiyenkorin, Kwara State	2016
16	Bells University of Tech, Ota, Ogun State	2005	41	Adeleke University, Ede, Osun State	2011	66	Dominican University, Ibadan, Oyo State	2016
17	Lead City University, Ibadan, Oyo State	2005	42	Baze University, Abuja	2011	67	Koladaisi University, Ibadan, Oyo State	2016
18	Crawford University, Igbesa, Ogun State	2005	43	Landmark University, Omu-Aran, Kwara State	2011	68	Legacy University, Okija, Anambra State	2016
19	Kwararafa University, Wukari (formerly Wukari Jubilee Uni.)	2005	44	Samuel Adegboyega University, Ogwa, Edo State	2011	69	Admiralty University, Ibusa, Delta State	2017
20	Crescent University, Abeokuta	2005	45	Elizade University, Ilara-Mokin, Ondo State	2012	70	Spiritan University, Nneochi, Abia State	2017
21	Novena University, Ogume, Delta State	2005	46	Evangel University, Akaeze, Ebonyi State	2012	71	Precious Cornerstone University, Ibadan, Oyo State	2017
22	University of Mkar, Mkar	2005	47	Gregory University, Uturu, Abia State	2012	72	PAMO University of Medical Sciences, Portharcourt, River State	2017
23	Joseph Ayo Babalola University, Ikeji-Arakeji, Osun State	2006	48	McPherson University, Seriki Sotayo, Ajebo, Ogun State	2012	73	Atiba University, Oyo, Oyo State	2017
24	Caleb University, Lagos	2007	49	Southwestern University, Okun Owa, Ogun State	2012	74	Eko University of Medical Sciences, Ijanikin, Lagos State	2017
25	Fountain University, Osogbo	2007	50	Augustine University, Ilara, Lagos State	2015	75	Skyline University, Nigeria, Kano State	2018





## List of Universities with Approved Postgraduate Programmes

The National Universities Commission (NUC) has observed with great concern that some Nigerian universities are running unapproved postgraduate programmes, leading to the award of Masters and PhD degrees. The Commission has also observed that some Parastatals and Institutes are awarding these same Postgraduate degrees, either on their own or through unapproved affiliations with Nigerian and foreign Universities. Such practices are not only unethical, but also antithetical to time-tested quality assurance best practices. The qualifications/awards resulting therefrom are not recognized. The Commission hereby notifies the general public that only the following universities have approval to offer postgraduate programmes at the Masters' and Ph.D levels in Nigeria, as of 30th July, 2012:

### Federal Universities :

1. Abubakar Tafawa Balewa University, Bauchi
2. Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria
3. Bayero University, Kano
4. Federal University of Technology, Akure
5. Federal University of Technology, Minna
6. Federal University of Technology, Owerri
7. Michael Okpara University of Agriculture, Umudike
8. Modibbo Adama University of Technology, Yola
9. National Open University of Nigeria, Lagos.
10. Nigerian Defence Academy, Kaduna
11. Nnamdi Azikiwe University, Awka
12. Obafemi Awolowo University, Ile-Ife
13. University of Abuja, Gwagwalada
14. University of Agriculture, Abeokuta
15. University of Agriculture, Makurdi
16. University of Benin, Benin City
17. University of Calabar, Calabar
18. University of Ibadan, Ibadan
19. University of Ilorin, Ilorin
20. University of Jos, Jos
21. University of Lagos, Akoka
22. University of Maiduguri, Maiduguri
23. University of Nigeria, Nsukka
24. University of Port Harcourt, Port Harcourt
25. University of Uyo, Uyo
26. Usmanu Danfodiyo University, Sokoto
27. Federal University, Dutsin-ma
28. Federal University, Ndufu-alike
29. Federal University, Oye-ekiti
30. Air Force Institute of Technology, Kaduna

### State Universities :

1. Abia State University, Uturu
2. Adamawa State University, Mubi
3. Adekunle Ajasin University, Akungba-Akoko
4. Ambrose Alli University, Ekpoma
5. Anambra State University, Uli
6. Benue State University, Makurdi
7. Cross River University of Technology, Calabar
8. Delta State University, Abraka
9. Ebonyi State University, Abakaliki
10. Ekiti State University, Ado-Ekiti
11. Enugu State University of Science and Technology, Enugu
12. Imo State University, Owerri
13. Kogi State University, Anyigba
14. Ladoke Akintola University of Technology, Ogbomosho
15. Lagos State University, Ojo.
16. Nasarawa State University, Keffi
17. Niger-Delta University, Wilberforce Island
18. Olabisi Onabanjo University, Ago-Iwoye
19. Rivers State University of Science and Technology, Port Harcourt
20. Umaru Musa Yar'Adua University, Katsina
21. Gombe State University, Gombe
22. Ibrahim Babangida University, Lapai
23. Kano State University of Science and Technology, Wudil
24. Kebbi State University of Science and Technology, Aliero
25. Kwara State University Malete
26. Kaduna State University, Kaduna
27. Tai Solarin University of Education, Ijebu-ode
28. Osun State University, Osogbo

### Private Universities :

1. African University of Science and Technology, Abuja
2. American University of Nigeria, Yola
3. Babcock University, Ilishan-Remo
4. Benson Idahosa University, Benin City
5. Bowen University, Iwo
6. Covenant University, Ota
7. Igbinedion University, Okada
8. Pan-African University, Lekki
9. Redeemer's University, Mowe, Ogun State
10. Caleb University, Lagos
11. Joseph Ayo Babalola University, Ikeji-Arakeji, Osun State
12. Nigerian Turkish Nile University, Abuja
13. Afe Babalola University, Ado-Ekiti, Ekiti State
14. Lead City University, Ibadan, (MSc. only)
15. University of Mkar, Mkar (MSc. only)
16. Madonna University, Okija
17. Al-Hikmah University, Ilorin (MSc. only)
18. Godfrey Okoye University, Ugwuomu-Nike, Enugu State
19. Oduduwa University, Ipetumodu
20. Ajayi Crowther University, Oyo
21. Achievers University, Owo
22. Al-qalam University, Kastina
23. Baze University, Abuja
24. Bells University of Technology, Ota
25. Crawford University, Igbessa
26. Crescent University, Abeokuta
27. Fountain University, Osogbo
28. Landmark University, Omu-Aran
29. Novena University, Ogume
30. Salem University, Lokoja
31. Veritas University, Abuja

Employers of labour, educational institutions and other stakeholders are to note that only certificates issued by these universities, for their approved programmes, are valid for employment, further studies and other purposes. When in doubt about the status of any programme or certificate, the National Universities Commission should be contacted through [webmaster@nuc.edu.ng](mailto:webmaster@nuc.edu.ng) and the following telephone numbers: 08027455412, 07054407741, 08067787753, 07039254081 and 07082024412 (FAX). Further information can also be obtained from the Commission's website: [www.nuc.edu.ng](http://www.nuc.edu.ng)

Signed: MANAGEMENT

## Fourteen-Step Process for the Establishment of Private Universities in Nigeria

The National Universities Commission (NUC), wishes to announce to the general public, especially prospective promoters of private universities, the fourteen-step procedure for establishing private universities in Nigeria.

1. Application in writing stating the intent for the establishment of the university
2. Interview of prospective proprietors
3. Collection of application forms
4. Submission of application forms and relevant documents
5. Intensive review/analysis of documents by experts in relevant NUC departments
6. Revision of documents by proprietors, based on report of SCOPU

7. Interactive meeting of SCOPU with the proposed university
8. First site assessment visit
9. Finalisation of document
10. Second (final) site assessment visit
11. Security screening of proprietors and Board of Trustees
12. Approval by NUC Management
13. Approval by NUC Board
14. Approval by FEC

**Prof. Abubakar Adamu Rasheed, mni, MFR, FNAL**  
Executive Secretary, NUC  
Announcer





## NATIONAL UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION *PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT*

### Illegal Degree Awarding Institutions (Degree Mills)

The National Universities Commission (NUC) wishes to announce to the general public, especially parents and prospective undergraduates, that the under-listed “Degree Mills” have not been licensed by the Federal Government and have, therefore, been closed down for violating the Education (National Minimum Standards etc.) Act CAPE 3 Law of the Federation of Nigeria 2004. The “Universities” are:

- 1) University of Accountancy and Management Studies, operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 2) Christians of Charity American University of Science & Technology, Nkpor, Anambra State or any of its other campuses
- 3) University of Industry, Yaba, Lagos or any of its other campuses
- 4) University of Applied Sciences & Management, Port Novo, Republic of Benin or any of its other campuses in Nigeria
- 5) Blacksmith University, Awka or any of its other campuses
- 6) Volta University College, Ho, Volta Region, Ghana or any of its other campuses in Nigeria
- 7) Royal University Izhia, P.O. Box 800, Abakaliki, Ebonyi State or any of its other campuses
- 8) Atlanta University, Anyigba, Kogi State or any of its other campuses
- 9) United Christian University, Macotis Campus, Imo State or any of its other campuses.
- 10) United Nigeria University College, Okija, Anambra State or any of its other campuses.
- 11) Samuel Ahmadu University, Makurdi, Benue State or any of its other campuses.
- 12) UNESCO University, Ndoni, Rivers State or any of its other campuses.
- 13) Saint Augustine's University of Technology, Jos, Plateau State or any of its other campuses
- 14) The International University, Missouri, USA, Kano and Lagos Study Centres, or any of its campuses in Nigeria
- 15) Collumbus University, UK operating anywhere in Nigeria
- 16) Tiu International University, UK operating anywhere in Nigeria
- 17) Pebbles University, UK operating anywhere in Nigeria
- 18) London External Studies UK operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 19) Pilgrims University operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 20) Lobi Business School Makurdi, Benue State or any of its campuses in Nigeria.
- 21) West African Christian University operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 22) Bolta University College Aba or any of its campuses in Nigeria.
- 23) JBC Seminary Inc. (Wukari Jubilee University) Kaduna Illegal Campus
- 24) Westlan University, Esie, Kwara State or any of its campuses in Nigeria.
- 25) St. Andrews University College, Abuja or any of its campuses in Nigeria.
- 26) EC-Council University, USA, Ikeja Lagos Study Centre.
- 27) Atlas University, Ikot Udoso Uko, Uyo Akwa Ibom State or any of its campuses in Nigeria
- 28) Concept College/Universities (London) Ilorin or any of its campuses in Nigeria
- 29) Halifax Gateway University, Ikeja or any of its campuses in Nigeria
- 30) Kingdom of Christ University, Abuja or any of its campuses in Nigeria
- 31) Acada University, Akinlalu, Oyo State or any of its campuses in Nigeria.
- 32) Fifom University, Mbaise, Imo State or any of its campuses in Nigeria
- 33) Houdegebe North American University campuses in Nigeria.
- 34) Atlantic Intercontinental University, Okija, Anambra State
- 35) Open International University, Akure

- 36) Middle Belt University (North Central University), Otukpo
- 37) Leadway University, Ughelli, Delta State
- 38) Metro University, Dutse/Bwari, Abuja
- 39) Southend University, Ngwuro Egeru (Afam) Ndoki, Rivers State
- 40) Olympic University, Nsukka, Enugu State
- 41) Federal College of Complementary and Alternative Medicine, Abuja.
- 42) Temple University, Abuja
- 43) Irish University Business School London, operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 44) National University of Technology, Lafia, Nasarawa State.
- 45) University of Accountancy and Management Studies, Mowe, Lagos - Ibadan Expressway and its Annex at 41, Ikorodu Road, Lagos.
- 46) University of Education, Winneba Ghana, operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 47) Cape Coast University, Ghana, operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 48) African University Cooperative Development (AUCD), Cotonou, Benin Republic, operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 49) Pacific Western University, Denver, Colorado, Owerri Study Centre.
- 50) Evangel University of America & Chudick Management Academic, Lagos
- 51) Enugu State University of Science and Technology (Gboko Campus)
- 52) Career Light Resources Centre, Jos
- 53) University of West Africa, Kwali-Abuja, FCT
- 54) Coastal University, Iba-Oku, Akwa-Ibom State
- 55) Kaduna Business School, Kaduna
- 56) Royal University of Theology, Minna, Niger State
- 57) West African Union University, in Collaboration with International Professional College of Administration, Science and Technology Nigeria, operating anywhere in Nigeria.
- 58) Gospel Missionary Foundation (GMF), Theological University. 165 Iselo road, Cele bus stop, Egbe-Ikotun, Lagos.

In addition to the closure, the following Degree Mills are currently undergoing further investigations and/or ongoing court actions. The purpose of these actions is to prosecute the proprietors and recover illegal fees and charges on subscribers.

- 1) National University of Nigeria, Keffi, Nasarawa State
- 2) North Central University, Otukpo, Benue State
- 3) Christ Alive Christian Seminary and University, Enugu
- 4) Richmond Open University, Arochuku, Abia State.
- 5) West Coast University, Umuahia.
- 6) Saint Clements University, Iyin Ekiti, Ekiti State
- 7) Volta University College, Aba, Abia State.
- 8) Illegal Satellite Campuses of Ambrose Alli University.
- 9) L.I.F.E Leadership University, Benin City, Edo State.

For the avoidance of doubt, anybody who patronises or obtains any certificate from any of these illegal institutions does so at his or her own risk. Certificates obtained from these sources will not be recognised for the purposes of NYSC, employment, and further studies.

The relevant Law enforcement agencies have also been informed for their further necessary action.

*\* This list of illegal institutions is not exhaustive.*

**Professor Abubakar Adamu Rasheed, mni, MFR, FNAL**  
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY  
NATIONAL UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION







# This Week's Birthdays



NAME

DATE OF BIRTH



*Wishing You Many happy returns! Best Wishes for the week.*



**TAKE RESPONSIBILITY**  
DO YOUR BIT TO MOVE THE  
COMMISSION TO GREATER HEIGHTS

***Dress Well and Earn Respect.***

*Courtesy: Directorate of Management Support Services*

***SHUN CORRUPTION.***  
***It Does not Pay***

*Courtesy: Anti-corruption and Transparency Division*





**NATIONAL UNIVERSITIES COMMISSION  
AJA NWACHUKWU HOUSE  
No 26, Aguiyi Ironsi street,  
Maitama District, P.M.B 237, Garki G.P.O,  
Abuja-Nigeria.  
[www.nuc.edu.ng](http://www.nuc.edu.ng)**